# Law Booster

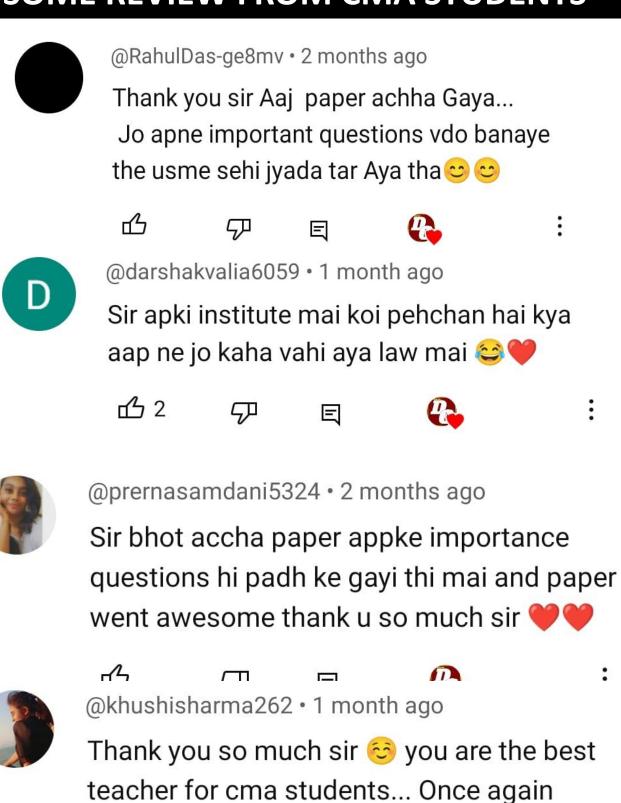
# CMA INTER LAW & ETHICS

## DEEPAK CLASSES

3<sup>nd</sup> Editions

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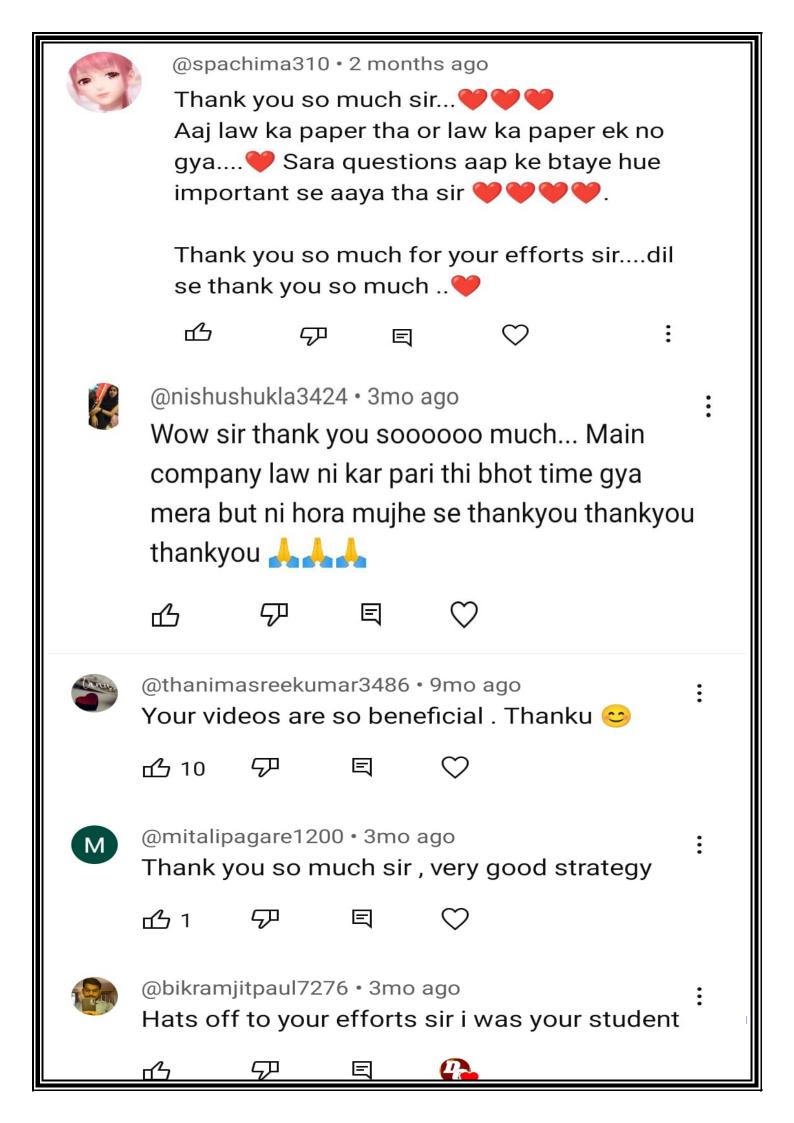
### **SOME REVIEW FROM CMA STUDENTS**



DEEPAK CLASSES 2

凸 3

thank you for this wonderful video 🤎 🕌





@simranburman • 2 months ago

Thanku sir thanku so much apne Jo Jo likhwaya tha important questions m whi sb aaye the wo Indian contract m Jo ap no.1 m likhaye the whi exam m v questions no. 1 tha. Bht bht dhanyabad itna support krne k lie











凸 2









(@IVIOTIVATORIVIOUTN • 9mo ago

Ek dam bawal strategy hai be 🔥 🔥 🔥 .... sala pura dimag hil sa gya 🔥 🔥 🔥 fati padi thi ab thoda achha lg rha h 😂

r/S



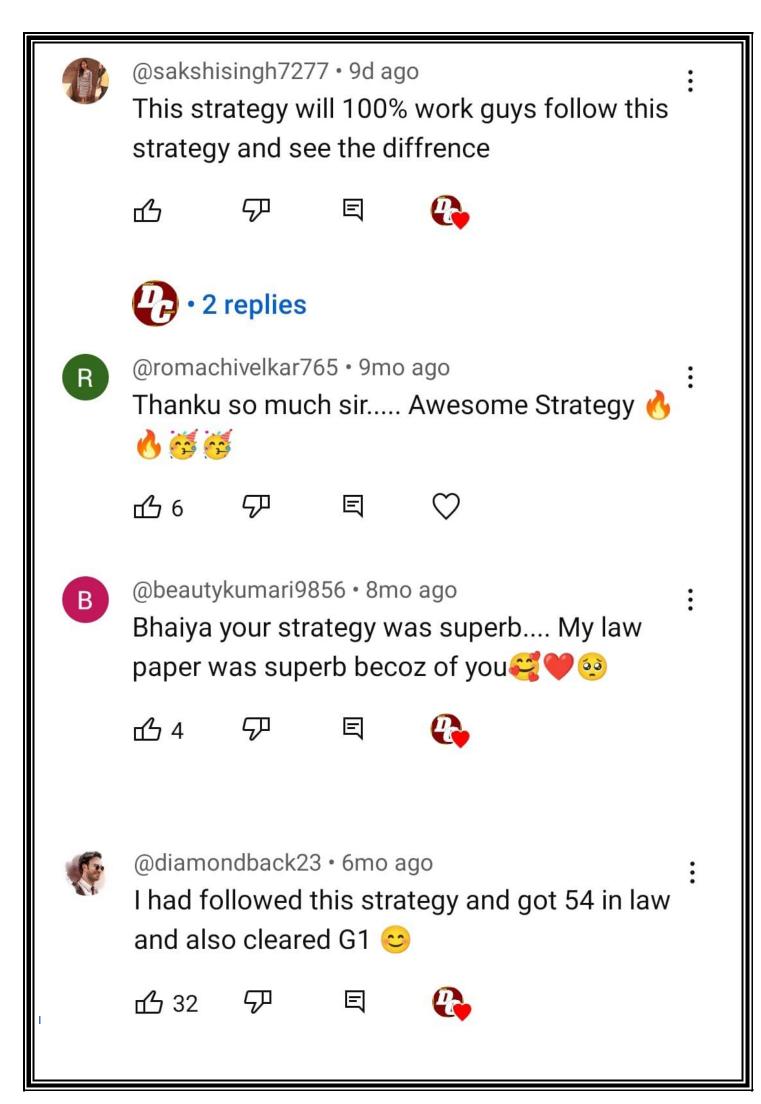
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@shivamchourasiya4667 • 3w ago

i scored 87 marks in law in jan 23 attempt....I confirm everything that is told in this video is correct...just to add on for company law(other than directors) dont go in depth just study 3-4 important chapters.





@s.ktechnicalpointmathur1691 • 9mo ago

sir ... 😍 😍 It's not like strategy ....it's like original paper 📃 . ThankQ sir ... 🤞 💕 👌 👌

凸 24

 $\nabla$ 

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 $\Diamond$ 

#### 3 replies



@shivanidas6505 • 2mo ago (edited)

Thank you so much sir i just read according to ur strategy it was very easy for me to give yestrday's law paper, it went very well thank you for giving us good knowledge









В

@bishnucharandutta6086 • 2mo ago

Sir I am very thankful to you, Maine exam ke 15 din age law padhna start Kiya o bhi apke important questions se. exam Dene ke time eisa mesussh hua ke hum bahut din se law padh rahe. Am I passed or not I am very much thankful to you in my whole life.











@vikashthapa7963 • 3mo ago

Thank u so much sir for this level of analysis of paper and best strategy ever salute to you efforts sir, this strategy boost mein confidence too.









All the best

Most welcome

Keep it up



@omdhodmani151 • 7mo ago

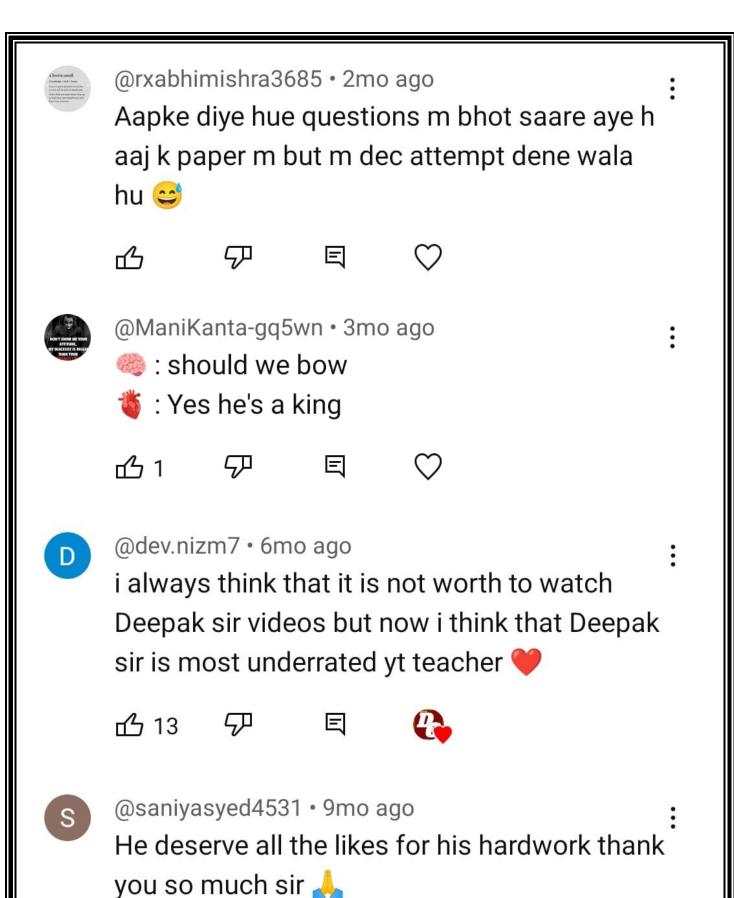
thank you so so much sir you have remove my stress ☺️





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DEEPAK CLASSES 8

凸 16



@nareshchoudhary4963 • 2mo ago

Company Law k saare Questions isi me se aye Sir.

Thank you so much Sir 😊













@aryanpareek6942 · 3mo ago

U ARE THE BEST SIR NO ONE CAN BEAT YOU IN TEACHING STYLE LOTS OF LOVE FROM RAJ. SIR











@spachima310 · 2mo ago

Aaj law ka paper tha or law ka paper ek no gya.... Sara questions aap ke btaye hue important se aaya tha sir

Thank you so much for your efforts sir....dil se thank you so much .. •



@dheerajthakre7026 • 4mo ago

Thankyou sir....for your excellent efforts towards us

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#### **IMPORTANT POINTS BY DEEPAK SIR**

- 1. This important Question is Valid for both Old & New Syllabus
- 2. I am not a god to predict the exam paper. I am a teacher with teaching experience of 7 year I will made this question to help in your exam.
- 3. In the past 5 year i regularly seen in each attempt, in this important question at least 50+ marks paper will cover.
- 4. And in recent exam of June 23 attempt 70+ marks paper come from this important question.
- 5. Those students who want to score 90+ marks in a law paper then learn full CMA-ICAI study material & refer to that book.
- 6. Those students who to pass in exam and want to get exemption in law paper (60+) then you can refer this Law booster.
- 7. As I share the review of students that can help you to trust us (DEEPAK CLASSES)
- 8. If you have a doubt, then go through the previous exam question.
- 9. If you have any doubt regarding any question (like not Amended, wrong question or wrong answer, etc) then you can
  - email us <u>Deepakclasses750@gmail.com</u>
  - WhatsApp us 8510933803
  - Website = Deepakclasses.org
- 10. All the Answer are up to updated all amendments covered this this Law Booster
- 11. Don't Miss Any Questions.
- 12.If you learn this question you will get better marks, please avoid to learn your own language.

13. Thank you for reading this points.

## **Business Law & Ethics**

### Index:-

S.NO	Particulars	Page No.
1	Factories Act, 1948	13-20
2	Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972	21-26
3	Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952	27-29
4	Employees State Insurance Act, 1948	30-34
5	The Code of Wages Act, 2019	35-39
6	Companies Act, 2013	40-78
7	Introduction to Law & Legal System in India	79-84
8	Indian Contract Act, 1872	85-99
9	Sales of Goods Act, 1930	100-107
10	Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881	108-113
11	Indian Partnership Act, 1932	114-121
12	Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008	122-125
13	Business Ethics and Emotional Intelligence	126-133

## Factories Act, 1948

#### **Q 1** Define Manufacturing Process?

**Ans 1.** Manufacturing Process Section 2(k) defines the expression 'manufacturing process' as any process for

- a. making, altering, repairing, ornamenting, finishing, packing, oiling, washing, cleaning breaking up, demolishing, or otherwise treating or adapting any article or substance with a view to its use, sale, transport, delivery, or disposal, or
- b. pumping oil, water, sewage, or any other substance; or
- c. generating, transforming, or transmitting power; or
- d. composing types for printing, printing by letter press, lithography, photogravure or other similar process or book binding; or
- e. constructing, reconstructing, repairing, refitting, finishing, or breaking up ships or vessels; or
- f. preserving or storing any article in cold storage

#### Q 2 Define Factory?

**Ans 2.** Section 2(m) defines the term 'factory' as any premises including the precincts thereof

- a. where ten or more workers are working, or were working on any day of the carried preceding twelve months, and in any part of which a manufacturing process is being on with the aid of power, or is ordinarily so carried on, or
- b. whereon twenty or more workers are working, or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months, and in any part of which a manufacturing process is being carried on without the aid of power, or is ordinarily so carried on,-

but does not include

- a mine subject to the operation of the Mines Act, 1952 or
- a mobile unit belonging to
- the armed forces of the Union,
- a railway running shed or a hotel or
- Restaurant or
- eating place.
- c. For the purposes of this clause, the mere fact that an Electronic Data Processing Unit or a Computer Unit is installed in any premises or part thereof, shall not be construed to make it a factory if no manufacturing process is being carried on in such premises or part thereof.
- d. The State Government may make rules relating to approval, licensing and registration of factories and no factory can run without such license or approval. Power to delicense and deregister is also with the State Government.

#### Q 3 Define Occupier?

#### Ans 3. Occupier (Most Important)

Section 2(n) defines the term 'occupier' of a factory as the person who has ultimate control over the affairs of the factory.

- a. in the case of a firm or other association of individuals, any one of the individual partners or members thereof shall be deemed to be the occupier.
- b. in the case of a company, any one of the directors shall be deemed to be the occupier.
- c. in the case of a factory owned or controlled by the Central Government or any State Government, or any local authority, the person or persons appointed to manage the affairs of the factory by the Central Government, the State Government, or the local authority shall be deemed to be the occupier.
- d. in the case of a ship which is being repaired, or on which maintenance work is being carried out, in a dry dock which is available for hire,-
- e. the owner of the ship or his agent or master or other office-in-charge of the ship or any person who contracts with such owner, agent or master or other officer-in-charge to carry out the repair or maintenance work shall be deemed to be the occupier.

In 'Container Corporation of India Limited v. Lt. Governor, Delhi' – 2002 LLR 1068 it was held that in the case of a company, which owns a factory, it is only one of the directors of the company who can be notified as the occupier of the factory for the purpose of the Act and the company cannot nominate any other employee to be the occupier of the factory.

In 'Indian Oil Corporation V. Labor Commissioner' –AIR 1998 SC 2456 it was held that for the purpose of Section 2(n) what is to be seen is who has the 'ultimate control' over the affairs of the factory. Relevant provisions regarding establishment of the Indian Oil Corporation Limited and its working, leave no doubt that the ultimate control over all the affairs of the Corporation, including opening and running of the factories, is with the Central Government. Acting through the Corporation is only a method employed by the Central Government for running its petroleum industry. In the context of Section 2(n) it will have to be held that the all the activities of the Corporation are really carried on by the Central Government with a corporate mask

Dry dock Matla ek Tarah ki ship Hoti haji doosra ship ki repair Krit Hai or jo dry dock ka owner hot a Hai avahi occupier hot Hai ship ka

#### Q 4 Duties of Occupier?

Ans 4. Duties of occupier

Section 7A prescribes the general duties of occupier.

Every occupier shall ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the

- health
- Safety
- and welfare of all

workers while they are at work in the factory.

#### Q 5 Notice by occupier when a New Manger Appointed?

Ans 5. Notice of occupier

Section 7 provides that the occupier shall,

- 1. at least 15 days before he begins to occupy or use any premises as a factory, send to the Chief Inspector,
- 2. a written notice containing
- the name and situation of the factory,
- the name and address of the occupier,
- the nature of manufacturing process,
- the details of workers etc.,

3. Whenever a new manager is appointed, the occupier shall send to the Inspector a written notice and to the Chief Inspector a copy there of within seven days from the date on which such person takes over charge.

#### **Q 6 Duties of Certified Surgeon?**

**Ans 6.** Section 10 provides that the State Government may appoint qualified medical practitioners to be certifying surgeons for the purposes of this Act within such local limits or for such factory or class or description of factories as it may assign to them respectively

The duties of certified surgeons are as follows

- 1. the examination and certification of young persons.
- 2. the examination of person engaged in factories in such dangerous occupations or processes as may be prescribed.
- 3. the exercising of such medical supervision as may be prescribed, where-
- Illness of worker due to factory work
- by reason of any change in the manufacturing process carried, or by reason of the
- adoption of any new manufacturing process or of any new substance for use in a manufacturing process, there is a likelihood of injury to the health of workers employed in that manufacturing process.
- young persons employed in any work which is likely to cause injury to their health.

#### Q 7 Cleanliness?

#### Ans 7. Cleanliness

- 1. Dry Dust (shook Dhool) must be Removed daily
- 2. Wet clean (Gile capped se clean Karna) should be done once in a week with disinfectant (Dettol) Or by some other methods
- 3. providing effective drainage (Paani ka nikaus) for removing water to the extent possible.
- 4. to ensure that interior walls and roofs etc., are kept clean the following is to be complied with-